FULL AIR SYSTEM SIZING

A.A 2024/25

Case	Study 2						
Buildir	ng data						
	Location	Barcelona, Spain					
	Building type	Office Building					
Geome	trical data		- L		<u> </u>		
	Total floor area (n	1057.3					
	Number of floors		1				
	Window locations		Located on external walls				
	Shading surfaces		Located on external walls				
	Height (m)		2.7				
	Windows size (r	1.8 x 1.5					
Buildir	ling Envelope						
	External wall	s [m]	λ [W/(m·K)]	cp [J/kg·K)]	ρ [kg/m^3]	U [W/(m^2·K)]	
	Brick	0.10	0.89	790	1920	- L (= 1.71	
	Wall air space resistance	0.04	0.27	1008	1		
	Insulation board	0.03	0.03	1210	43	0.57	
	Fiberboard sheathing	0.01	0.07	1300	400	0.57	
	Wall air space resistance	0.04	0.27	1008	1		
	Gyp board	0.02	0.16	1088	801		
	Internal wall	s [m]	λ [W/(m·K)]	cp [J/kg·K)]	ρ [kg/m^3]	U [W/(m^2·K)]	
	Internal plaster	0.01	0.7	1000	1400		
	Concrete panel	0.2	0.58	1000	1400	1.58	
	Internal plaster	0.01	0.7	1000	1400		
				, ,			
	Roof	s [m]	λ [W/(m·K)]	cp [J/kg·K)]	ρ [kg/m^3]	U [W/(m^2·K)]	
	Built-up roofing	0.01	0.16	1460	1120		
	Fiberboard sheathing	0.01	0.07	1300	400	0.31	
	Insulation board Lightweight concrete	0.08	0.03	1210 840	43 1280		
	Lightweight concrete	0.10	0.55	040	1200		
	Ground contact floor	s [m]	λ [W/(m·K)]	cp [J/kg·K)]	ρ [kg/m^3]	U [W/(m^2·K)]	
	Porcelain floor	0.015	1.47	1000	1700	- [()]	
	Cement mortar	0.03	1.4	1000	2000		
	Lightened concrete	0.1	0.33	1000	1200	0.20	
	Scree	0.2	1.2	1000	1700		
	Ueq ground losses	0.15	0.035	1000	30		
	Windows	Visible tra	asmittance	Solar heat gain		U [W/(m^2·K)]	
	Single glazing 0.7		1.7	7 0.7		3	

In the following picture the floor plan of the office building is presented:

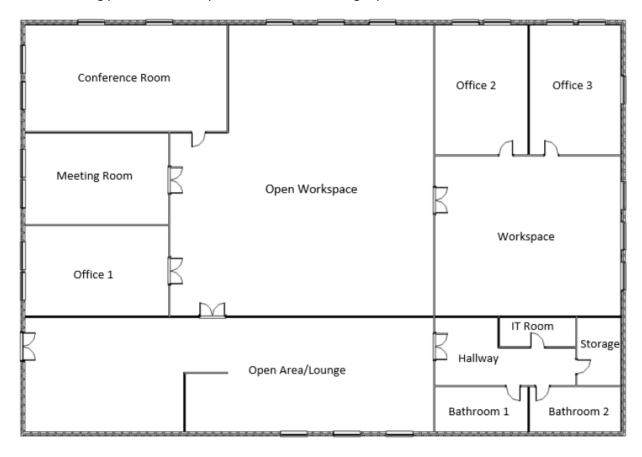


Figure 1: Floor plan of the office building

Net floor area of the rooms:

Office $1 = 54.15 \text{ m}^2$

Office $2 = 51.46 \text{ m}^2$

Office $3 = 49.8 \text{ m}^2$

Conference room = 89.78 m²

Workspace = 136.13 m²

Open workspace = 331.12 m²

Open Area/ Lounge = 201.06 m²

Meeting room = 61.66 m²

Hallway = 29.83 m^2

IT Room = 8 m^2

Storage/ Closet = 11.34 m²

Bathroom $1 = 16.17 \text{ m}^2$

Bathroom 2 = 16.77 m^2

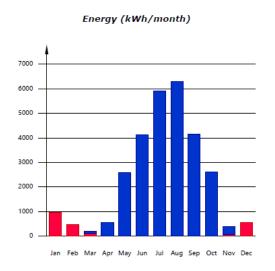
Set point temperature for heating and cooling was assigned to each room.

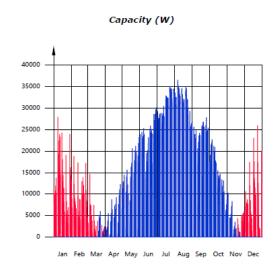


Figure 2: Occupancy profiles and set point temperature for heating and cooling

1. Monthly heating and cooling energy demand

Attending only to the energy demand to be covered by the heating and cooling systems, the energy and instantaneous net power requirements throughout the year are shown below:





2. Peak load for heating and cooling

Heating peak load of the building = 28.59 kW

Cooling peak load of the building = 35.9 kW

Space	Peak Load Heating	Peak Load Cooling	
Open Area/Lounge	5.47	6.59	
Meeting room	1.92	2.73	
Office 1	1.62	2.45	
Conference room	3.27	3.70	
Open workspace	6.18	9.18	
Hallway	0.76	0.86	
IT room	0.30	0.29	
Storage	0.56	0.36	
Bathroom 1	0.89	0.51	
Bathroom 2	0.77	0.51	
Office 3	2.05	2.30	
Office 2	1.77	1.87	
Workspace	3.07	5.13	