

LCD (23/03)

* Bisimulation up-to bisimilarity

relation $R \subseteq \text{Proc} \times \text{Proc}$ such that when $P R Q$

(i) if $P \xrightarrow{a} P'$ then $Q \xrightarrow{a} Q'$ and $P' \sim P'' R Q'' \sim Q'$

(ii) dual

if R is a bisimulation up to \sim and $P R Q$ then $P \sim Q$

mon solution: if R is a bisimulation up to \sim then R is a bisimulation

(EXERCISE for the EXAM)

Exercise: Buffer with capacity 2 (unordered)

$$\text{Cell} = \text{in}(x). C(x)$$

$$C(x) = \overline{\text{out}}(x). \text{Cell}$$



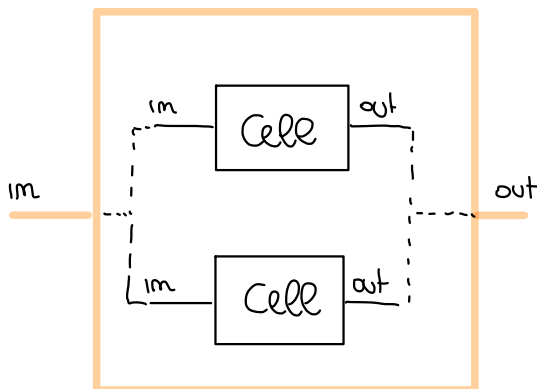
build a 2-places buffer by using Cell

$$B_2 = \text{in}(x). B_1(x)$$

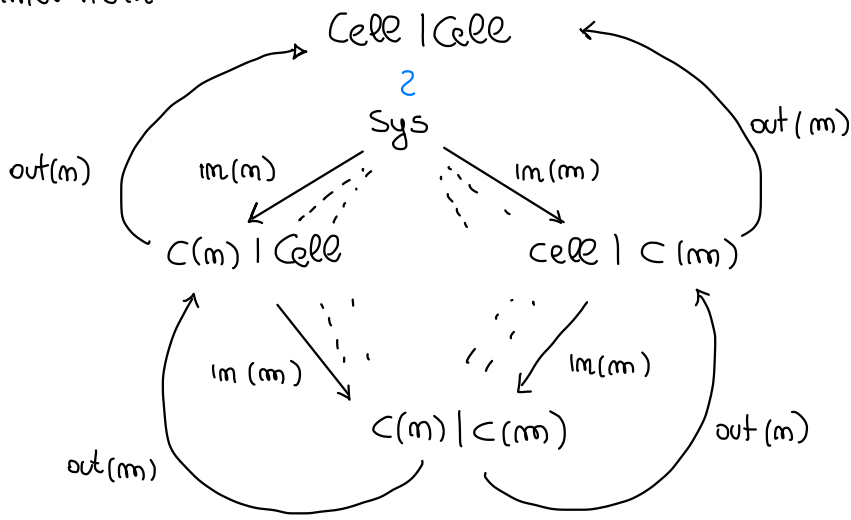
$$B_1(x) = \overline{\text{out}}(x). B_2 + \text{in}(y). B_0(x, y)$$

$$B_0(x, y) = \overline{\text{out}}(x). B_1(y) + \overline{\text{out}}(y). B_1(x)$$

solution: $\text{sys} = \text{Cell} \mid \text{Cell}$



Bisimulation



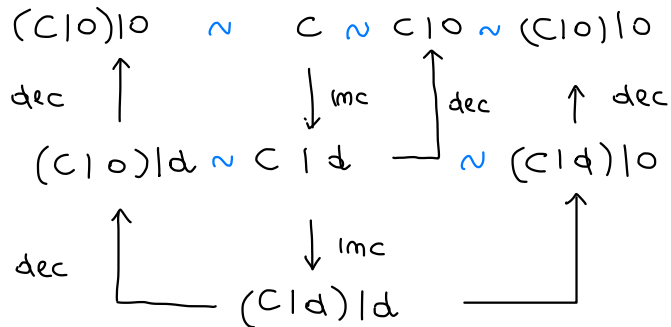
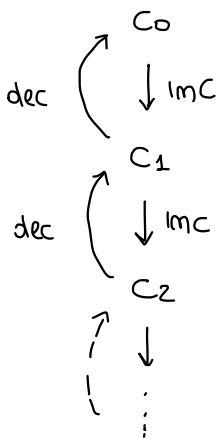
$$\begin{aligned}
 R = & \{ (Sys, B_2) \} \cup \{ (C(m) | Cell, B_1(m)) \mid m \in \mathbb{N} \} \\
 & \{ (Cell | Cell, B_2) \} \cup \{ (Cell | C(m), B_1(m)) \mid m \in \mathbb{N} \} \\
 & \cup \{ (C(m) | C(m), B_0(m, m)) \mid m, m \in \mathbb{N} \} \\
 & \cup \{ (C(m) | C(m), B_0(m, m)) \mid m, m \in \mathbb{N} \}
 \end{aligned}$$

not a bisimulation without \times
 only a bisimulation up to \sim

Example:

$$\begin{cases}
 C_0 = \text{inc. } C_1 \\
 C_{m+1} = \text{inc. } C_{m+2} + \text{dec. } C_m
 \end{cases}$$

$$C = \text{inc. } (C \mid \underbrace{\text{dec. } 0}_d)$$



$$C_0 \sim C$$

bisimulation

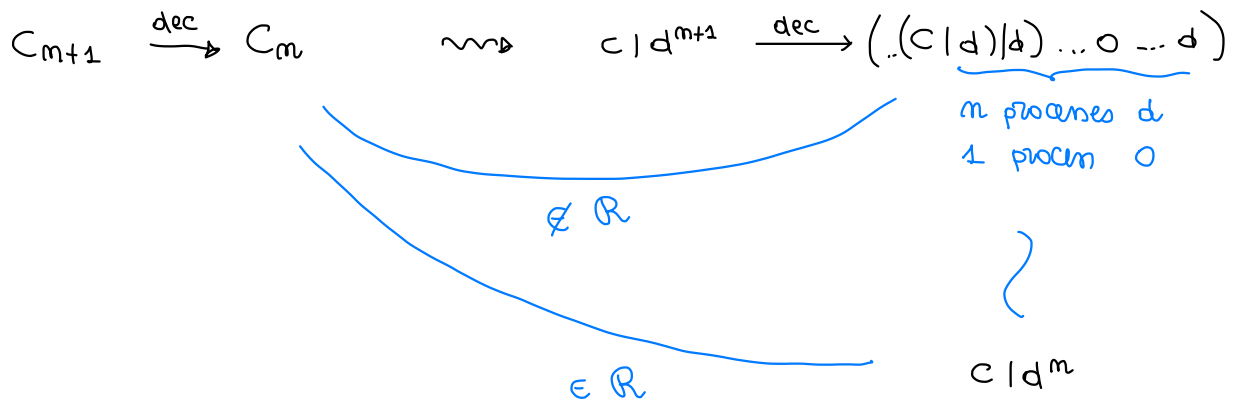
$$\mathcal{R} = \{ (C_m, \underbrace{((C/d)/d) \dots}_{m \text{ times}} / d) \mid m \in \mathbb{N} \}$$

\nearrow
 c/d^m

consider

$$C_{m+1} \mathcal{R} c/d^{m+1}$$

and



\mathcal{R} is not a bisimulation but it is a bisimulation up to n

if counter is bounded

- bisimulation is infinite
- bisimulation up to n is finite.

Weak Equivalences : WEAK BISIMILARITY

- equivalence
- compositional
- bisimulation (biggest)
- expected equivalences hold ($P \mid O \sim P$, $P \mid Q \sim Q \mid P$, ...)

special action τ (internal action)

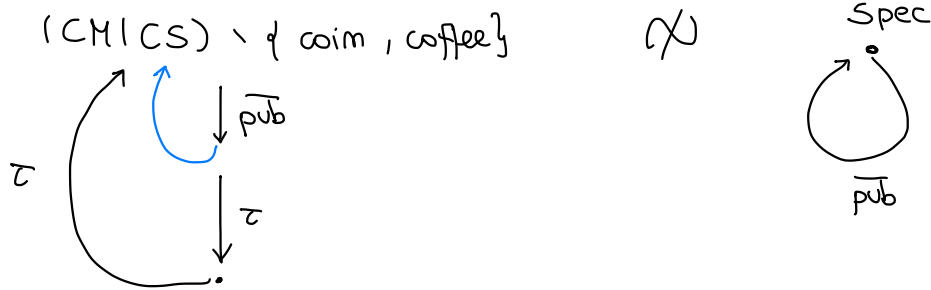
$$b.o \not\sim b.\tau.o$$

Example :

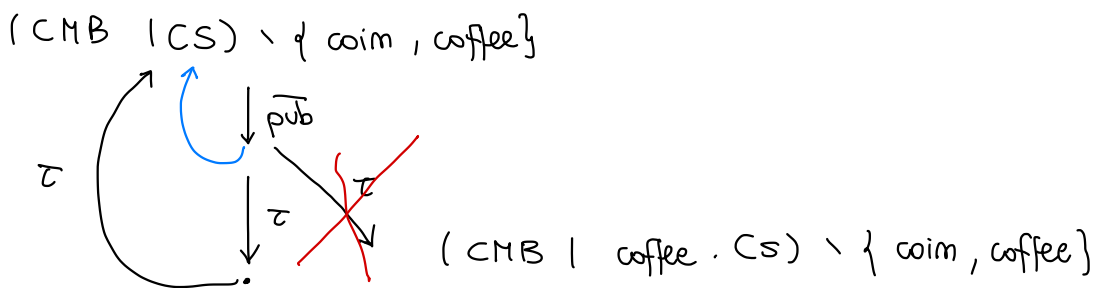
$$CS = \overline{pub}. \overline{coim}. coffee. CS$$

$$Spec = \overline{pub}. Spec$$

$$CM = \overline{coim}. \overline{coffee}. CM$$



$$CMB = \overline{coim}. \overline{coffee}. CMB + \overline{coim}. CMB$$



Weak transitions

P, Q processes

$P \xRightarrow{\alpha} Q$ if

(i) $\alpha \neq \tau$

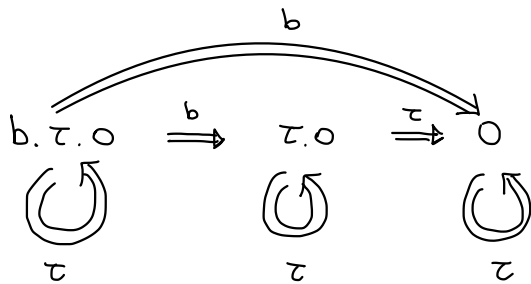
$P \xrightarrow{\tau^*} P' \xrightarrow{\alpha} Q' \xrightarrow{\tau^*} Q$

(ii) $\alpha = \tau$

$P \xrightarrow{\tau^*} Q$

↑ any sequence, possibly empty ($P=Q$)

Example: $P = b. \tau. 0$



Weak Bisimilarity

a relation $R \subseteq \text{Proc} \times \text{Proc}$ is a weak bisimulation if when $P R Q$

(i) if $P \xrightarrow{\alpha} P'$ then $Q \xRightarrow{\alpha} Q'$ and $P' R Q'$

(ii) if $Q \xrightarrow{\alpha} Q'$ then $P \xRightarrow{\alpha} P'$ and $P' R Q'$

We say P, Q weak bisimilar if there is R weak bisimulation s.t.

$P R Q$ and $P \approx Q$

$$\approx = \bigcup \{ R \mid R \text{ weak bisimulation} \}$$

EXERCISE (EXAM)

a relation $R \subseteq \text{Proc} \times \text{Proc}$ a weak string bisimulation if when $P R Q$

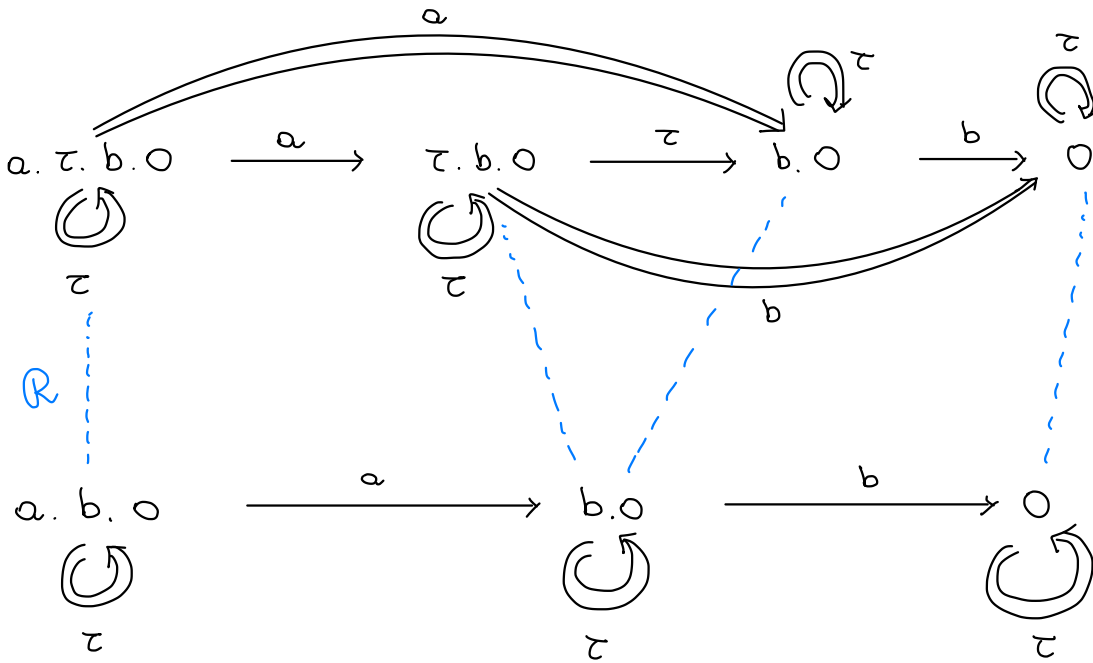
(i) if $P \xRightarrow{\alpha} P'$ then $Q \xRightarrow{\alpha} Q'$ and $P' R Q'$

(ii) if $Q \xRightarrow{\alpha} Q'$ then $P \xRightarrow{\alpha} P'$ and $P' R Q'$

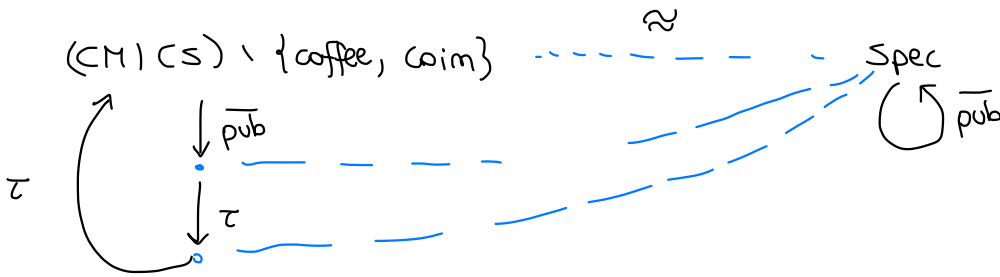
\leadsto weak string bisimilarity \approx_{string} . Prove $\approx_{\text{string}} = \approx$

Example :

$$P = a.\tau.b.0 \quad \approx \quad Q = a.b.0$$



Example

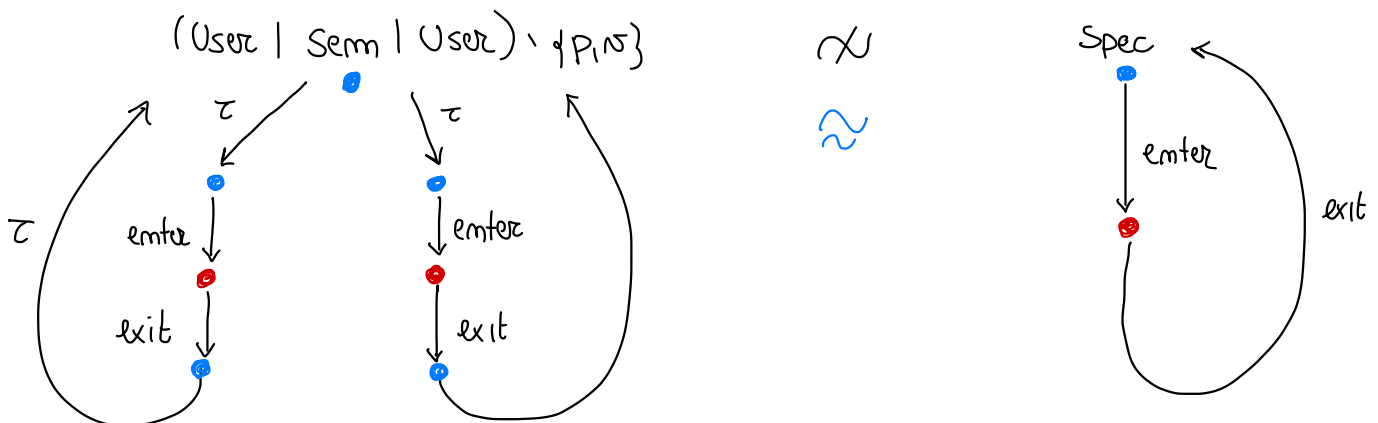


Example :

$$Sem = p.\bar{\nu}.Sem$$

$$Spec = enter.exit.Spec$$

$$User = \bar{p}.enter.exit.\bar{\nu}.User$$

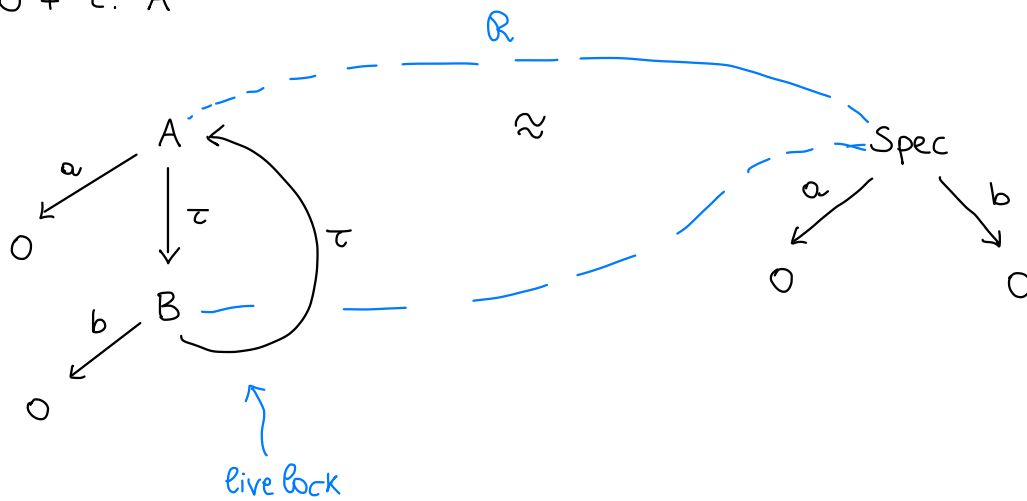


* Faiz abstraction from Divergence

$$A = a.0 + \tau. B$$

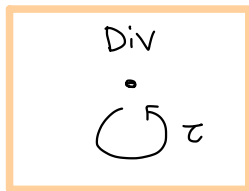
$$B = b.0 + \tau. A$$

$$\text{Spec} = a.0 + b.0$$

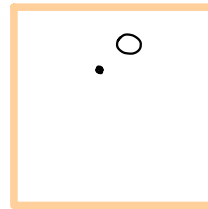


* Divergence is not observable

$$\text{Div} = \tau. \text{Div}$$



\approx



$$(A_1 \mid A_2) \setminus \{a\}$$

$$A_1 = a. A_1 \quad A_2 = \bar{a}. A_2$$