Calculus 2

(AY 2025/26 course presentation)

Paolo Guiotto

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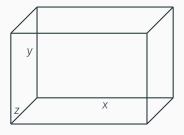
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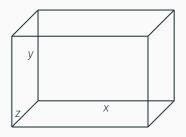
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- · to solve optimization problems
- to compute geometrical quantities (areas/volumes)
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- · to solve differential equations

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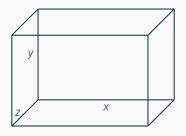


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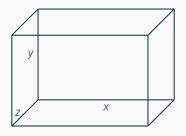
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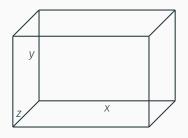
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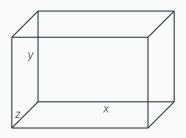


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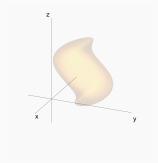
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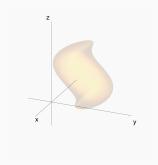
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⇒ we need differential calculus.

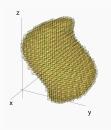
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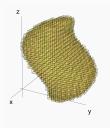
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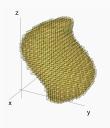
This problem reminds of the analogous one to compute area of plane figures $\leadsto \int_a^b f(x) \ dx$



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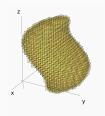
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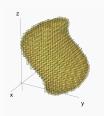
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⇒ we need integral calculus

CONTENTS

Table of contents

- Euclidean space \mathbb{R}^d (our framework)
- · Differential Calculus
- · Vector Fields
- · Differential Equations
- · Multiple Integrals
- · Surface Integrals
- Holomorphic functions (differentiability for f(z), $z \in \mathbb{C}$)

PREREQUISITES

From Calculus 1:

- · Calculus of limits
- Differential Calculus (one real variable)
- · Integral Calculus (in one real variable)
- Basic Differential equations (linear first and second order equations, separable variables equations)
- · Convergence of a Numerical Series.

From Linear Algebra:

- · definition of vector space
- algebra of matrices (product line by column, invertible matrix, symmetric matrix, determinant, rank of a matrix)

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- discuss differentiability for functions of complex variable and apply powerful methods of holomorphic functions

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- 4. **Oral Exam:** in exceptional circumstances, where further assessment is deemed necessary, an oral supplementary exam may be required.