

1) x_{ik} : # scatole $i \in \{A, B, C, D, E\}$ concatenatele j am $k \in \{1, 2\}$
 1) $y_i = 1$ se scatolele $i \in \{A, B\}$ i concatenatele 1 sau 2 , 0 altminter

max $20(x_{A1}+x_{A2}) + 10(x_{B1}+x_{B2}) + 30(x_{C1}+x_{C2}) + 25(x_{D1}+x_{D2}) + 50(x_{E1}+x_{E2})$
 s.t. $x_{A1} \geq 50$ $x_{A2} \leq 24$ $x_{D2} \leq 49$
 $20x_{A1} + 20x_{B1} + 20x_{C1} + 25x_{D1} + 55x_{E1} \leq 50 \times 10^3$ // $1 m^3 = 1000 dm^3$
 $20x_{A2} + 20x_{B2} + 20x_{C2} + 25x_{D2} + 55x_{E2} \leq 50 \times 10^3$
 $100x_{A1} + 100x_{B1} + 40x_{C1} + 50x_{D1} + 180x_{E1} + 100x_{A2} + 100x_{B2} + 40x_{C2} + 50x_{D2} + 180x_{E2} \leq 180000$
 $x_{A1} + x_{A2} \leq M y_A$ $x_{B1} + x_{B2} \leq M y_B$ $y_A + y_B \leq 1$ # $M = 100000$ (scat. grup de cost.)
 $1 \cdot x_{A1} + 0.5x_{B1} + 1.5x_{C1} + 1 \cdot x_{D1} + 1.1x_{E1} \geq 1.0$ ($x_{A1} + x_{B1} + x_{C1} + x_{D1} + x_{E1}$)
 $1 \cdot x_{A1} + 0.5x_{B1} + 1.5x_{C1} + 1 \cdot x_{D1} + 1.1x_{E1} \leq 1.2$ ($x_{A1} + x_{B1} + x_{C1} + x_{D1} + x_{E1}$)
 $1 \cdot x_{A2} + 0.5x_{B2} + 1.5x_{C2} + 1 \cdot x_{D2} + 1.1x_{E2} \leq 1.2$ ($x_{A2} + x_{B2} + x_{C2} + x_{D2} + x_{E2}$)
 $1 \cdot x_{A2} + 0.5x_{B2} + 1.5x_{C2} + 1 \cdot x_{D2} + 1.1x_{E2} \geq 1.4$ ($x_{A2} + x_{B2} + x_{C2} + x_{D2} + x_{E2}$)
 $x_{ij} \in \mathbb{Z}^+$ $y_i \in \{0, 1\}$ $i \in \{A, B, C, D, E\}$, $j \in \{1, 2\}$ $y_A + y_B \in \{0, 1\}$

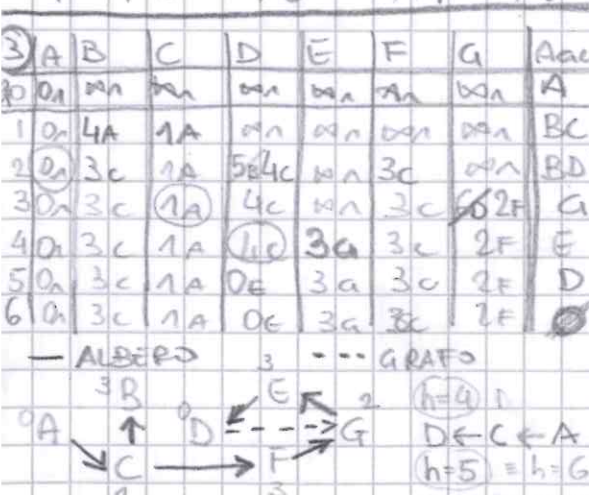
7 CFU: // z : valoare endogenă a problemei
 $z \geq x_{A1} + x_{B1} + x_{C1} + x_{D1} + x_{E1} - (x_{A2} + x_{B2} + x_{C2} + x_{D2} + x_{E2})$ $z \in \mathbb{R}$
 $z \leq x_{A2} + x_{B2} + x_{C2} + x_{D2} + x_{E2} - (x_{A1} + x_{B1} + x_{C1} + x_{D1} + x_{E1})$ $z \leq 50$

2) min $-6x_1 - 4x_2 - x_3$ $\hat{x}_3 = -x_3$
 s.t. $-x_1 - x_2 - \hat{x}_3 + x_4 = 2$
 $2x_1 + 2x_2 + x_5 = 3$
 $2x_1 - 2x_2 + \hat{x}_3 + x_6 = 2$
 $x_1, x_2, \hat{x}_3, x_4, x_5, x_6 \geq 0$

x_1	x_2	\hat{x}_3	x_4	x_5	x_6	z	b
-6	-4	-1	0	0	0	-1	0
-1	-1	-1	1	0	0	0	2
2	2	0	0	1	0	0	3
2	-2	1	0	0	1	0	2

0	-10	2	0	0	3	-1	6	+2R ₁
0	-2	-1/2	1	0	1/2	0	3	+R ₁
0	4	-1	0	1	-1	0	1	-R ₁
1	-1	1/2	0	0	1/2	0	1	R ₂ /2
0	0	-1/2	0	5/2	1/2	-1	11/2	+10R ₂
0	0	-1	1	1/2	0	0	7/2	+R ₂
0	1	-1/4	0	1/4	-1/4	0	1/4	R ₁ /4
1	0	1/4	0	1/4	1/4	0	5/4	+R ₂
2	0	0	0	3	1	-1	11	+2R ₃
4	0	0	1	3/2	1	0	11/2	+R ₃
1	1	0	0	1/2	0	0	3/2	+R ₃
4	0	1	0	1	1	0	5	+R ₃

$z_{max}^* = -z_{min}^* = -(-11) = +11 = W^*$ (VALOAREA OPTIMĂ)
 $x_1^* = 0, x_2^* = 3/2, x_3^* = -5, x_4^* = 1/2, x_5^* = x_6^* = 0$



4) a) Enumerata CCPO...
 $(0, -2, 0)$ e AMPL. PRIMITIVA!
 b) duala max $-2u_1 + u_3 + 2u_4$
 s.t. $2u_1 + u_2 + 3u_3 - u_4 \leq 3$
 $u_1 + u_3 - u_4 \geq -6$
 $u_1 + 3u_2 + 2u_3 + 2u_4 = -2$
 $u_1 \text{ lib}, u_2 \geq 0, u_3 \leq 0, u_4 \geq 0$
 $0 \cdot (2u_1 + u_2 + 3u_3 - u_4 + 3) = 0 \rightarrow //$
 $-2(u_1 + u_3 - u_4 + 6) = 0 \rightarrow u_1 + u_3 - u_4 = -6$
 0 libera \rightarrow NO CCPO (A.O.)

(2x₁ + x₂ + x₃ + 2)u₁ = 0 per A. Paralele
 $(x_1 + 3x_3 - 0)u_2 = 0 \rightarrow //$
 $(3x_1 + x_2 + 2x_3 - 1)u_3 = 0 \rightarrow u_3 = 0$
 $(-x_1 - x_2 + 2x_3 - 2)u_4 = 0 \rightarrow //$
 SISTEMA EQ. (*)
 $\begin{cases} u_1 + 3u_2 + 2u_3 + 2u_4 = -2 & (A.O.) \\ u_1 + u_3 - u_4 = -6 & (CCPO) \\ u_3 = 0 & (CCPO) \end{cases}$
 $\begin{cases} u_1 = -14/3 - u_2 \\ u_4 = 1/3 - u_2 \\ u_3 = 0 \end{cases}$ TRA LE x_1
 SOLUZIONI, SE SCELGO $u_2 = 0$
 OTTENIAMO:
 $u_1 = -14/3, u_2 = 0, u_3 = 0, u_4 = 1/3$

QUESTA SOLUZIONE
 1) SODDISFA (*), QUINDI È IN CCPO con $(0, -2, 0)$
 2) È AMMISSIBILE DUALE, AUTOMAT. $u_1 \text{ lib}, u_2 = 0 \geq 0, u_3 = 0 \leq 0, u_4 = 1/3 \geq 0$
 $2u_1 + u_2 + 3u_3 - u_4 = -28/3 - 1/3 < 3$
 $u_1 + u_3 - u_4 \geq -6$ Per costanza max $u_1 + 3u_2 + 2u_3 + 2u_4 = -2$ per u_1
 $u_1 + 3u_2 + 2u_3 + 2u_4 = -2$ per u_1 (2) L₂ è tra sol. di P₁
 3) $\Rightarrow (0, -2, 0)$ è OTTIMA! (3) non è min

5) a) x_6, x_2, x_3 in base
 (3 pivot migliorant.)
 b) $\frac{100}{33} > 0/19 \Rightarrow$ NON AMMISS.
 c) entrare x_1 , esce x_2
 d) x_4 per x_6, x_4 per x_3, x_5 per x_2
 e) $x_1, x_2 \rightarrow -30 - 0 - 0 = -30$
 $x_4, x_5 \rightarrow -30 - 0 - 2 = -50$
 b) $[1.5; 1.9]$ c) P₂, P₃, P₄ chiuso P₁ e P₅ e P₅

6) a) $2.5 \leq u_2 \leq 3.8$ [2,0] L₂ $\notin [1.1; 1.5]$
 b) $[2.5; 2.7]$ L₂ $\leq u_2^{(0)}$ L₂ $\leq 2.5^{(2)}$
 c) P₅ e P₆ chiusi [L₂ = 1.6]
 d) P₃
 e) $u_2 \in [2.5; 3.5]$
 [6] CFU a) $1.1 \leq L_2 \leq 1.9$: $u_2 \geq 1.5$
 salgo L₂ = 1.5 $u_2 = 2.7$