

Sketch of solutions, sheet 3

Ex 1

$$\begin{aligned} \partial_i T_{\chi_E}(\varphi) &= -T_{\chi_E}(\partial_i \varphi) = - \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \partial_i \varphi \, dx = \\ &= \text{divergence theorem} = - \int_{\partial E} \varphi(x) \nu_i(x) \, d\mathcal{H}^{n-1}(x) \end{aligned}$$

$\nu_i(x)$ \downarrow i -th component
 of the
 exterior normal
 at x to E .

$$\nabla T_{\chi_E}(\varphi) = - \int_{\partial E} \varphi(x) \nu_E(x) \, d\mathcal{H}^{n-1}(x)$$

where ν_E is the exterior normal at x to E .

Ex 2 Let $\phi \in C_c^\infty$. Assume $\text{supp } \phi \subset (-a, a]$, and let $\{x_1, \dots, x_n\}$ be the jump discontinuities of f contained in $(-a, a]$

$$\begin{aligned}
 -\int \phi f' &= \int \phi' f \, dx = \int_{-a}^{x_1} \phi' f + \int_{x_1}^{x_2} \phi' f + \dots + \int_{x_{n-1}}^{x_n} \phi' f + \int_{x_n}^a \phi' f = \text{Integration by} \\
 \text{parts} &= -\int_{-a}^{x_1} \phi \frac{df}{dx} + \phi(x_1) f^-(x_1) + -\int_{x_1}^{x_2} \phi \frac{df}{dx} + \phi(x_2) f^-(x_2) - \phi(x_1) f^+(x_1) \dots + \\
 &\quad -\int_{x_{n-1}}^a \phi \frac{df}{dx} - \phi(x_n) f^+(x_n) = -\int_{-a}^a \phi \frac{df}{dx} + \sum_{i=1}^n \phi(x_i) \cdot (f(x_i)^- - f(x_i)^+)
 \end{aligned}$$

Ex 3 If $T=c$ then obviously $T'=0$.

Assume now $T(\phi) = 0 \forall \phi \in C_c^\infty(I)$. Fix $\psi_0 \in C_c^\infty(I)$ $\int_I \psi_0 dx = 1$ $T\psi_0 = c \in \mathbb{R}$

consider $h(x) = \phi(x) - \psi_0(x) \int_I \phi(y) dy$. then $h \in C_c^\infty(I)$ and $\int_I h = 0$

so $w(x) = \int_0^x \phi(y) - \psi_0(y) \left(\int_I \phi(t) dt \right) dy \in C_c^\infty(I)$ and $w'(x) = h(x)$.

By ass. $0 = T(w') = T\left(\phi(x) - \left[\int_I \phi(y) dy\right] \psi_0(x)\right) = T\phi - \left(\int_I \phi(y) dy\right) T\psi_0 = \Delta$

$$T(\phi) = T(\psi_0) \int_I \phi(y) dy = c \int_I \phi(y) dy \Rightarrow T=c.$$

Ex 4 Fix $K \subset \subset U$ compact

Fix $\phi \in C_c^\infty(U)$ $\phi \equiv 1$ on K $0 \leq \phi \leq 1$

Then $\forall \psi \in C_c^\infty(U)$ with $\text{supp } \psi \subseteq K$ we have that

$$-\|\psi\|_\infty \phi \leq \psi \leq \|\psi\|_\infty \phi \xrightarrow{\text{by POSITIVITY of } T} -\|\psi\|_\infty T(\phi) \leq T(\psi) \leq \|\psi\|_\infty T(\phi)$$

$$\Rightarrow |T(\psi)| \leq \|\psi\|_\infty T(\phi)$$

$\therefore T$ has order 0.

Ex 5 ϕ_ε with $\text{supp } \phi_\varepsilon \subseteq [0, 1]$ $\phi_\varepsilon = 1$ for $x \in (\varepsilon^2, \varepsilon)$

$$T(\phi_\varepsilon) = \lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} \int_\delta^1 \frac{\phi_\varepsilon(x)}{x} dx \cong \lim_{\delta \rightarrow 0} \int_{\varepsilon^2}^\varepsilon \frac{1}{x} dx = \log \varepsilon - \log \varepsilon^2 = \log \frac{1}{\varepsilon} \rightarrow +\infty$$

$$\log \frac{1}{\varepsilon} = |T(\phi_\varepsilon)| \leq C \|\phi_\varepsilon\|_\infty = C \quad (\text{Absurd!})$$