

NUMERICAL AND MATHEMATICAL METHODS

June 24, 2021

EXERCISE 1. Download the file `fourier.dat`. This text file is organized in two columns. Column 0 shows the time in seconds. Column 1 is a noisy signal y measured as a function of time.

Write a python script that

- A.** reads columns 0 and 1 of this file into two numpy arrays t and y , respectively;
- B.** plots y as a function of t with a line plot. A linear plot will be fine;
- C.** calculates the Fourier coefficients with the `numpy.fft.rfft` function;
- D.** re-does the same as point C., but with a user-provided discrete Fourier transform;
- E.** plots the absolute values of the Fourier coefficients $|c_k|$ as a function of k ;
- F.** calculates and prints the period associated with the signal.

The plots for points B. and E. do not need to be saved to a file. Just add the command `plt.show()` inside the script.

Please upload the script developed to address points A., B., C., D., E. and F. as a unique script named `exercise1.py`.

EXERCISE 2. The non-linear equation

$$x = 2 - \exp(-x) - \sin(x^2) \quad (1)$$

admits four solutions in the interval $[-\infty, 3]$. Write a python script that addresses the following points.

- A.** Using the relaxation method, find at least one of these solutions.
- B.** Using the bisection method, try to find all the four solutions. You will have to start from different guesses for the initial interval.

Suggestion: to better visualize the problem (especially for point B.), plot the following function

$$f(x) = x - 2 + \exp(-x) + \sin(x^2). \quad (2)$$

Please upload the script developed to address points A. and B. as two different scripts named `exercise2A.py` and `exercise2B.py`.

EXERCISE 3. Download the file `five.bodies.txt`. It contains the information about the position, velocity and mass of five bodies subject to gravitational force, with acceleration:

$$\vec{a}_i = -G \sum_{j \neq i, j \leq 5} m_j \frac{\vec{x}_i - \vec{x}_j}{|\vec{x}_i - \vec{x}_j|^3}, \quad (3)$$

where i is the index of the body, $j = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$ is an index that runs over the five bodies, G is the gravity constant, m_j is the mass of the j th body, \vec{x}_i is the position vector of the i th body and \vec{v}_i is the velocity vector of the i th body.

In the aforementioned file, columns 0, 1 and 2 are the x , y and z components of the initial position (in astronomical units, AU); columns 3, 4 and 5 are the x , y and z components of the initial velocity (in astronomical units per year, AU/yr); column 6 is the mass in Earth masses (M_{Earth}). Write a python script that addresses the following points.

A. Integrate the evolution of the five bodies with a leapfrog scheme between time $t = 0$ and $t = 3$ yr, with steps of 10^{-2} yr.

B. Plot the time evolution of the x, y components.

C. Calculate and plot the total energy as a function of time.

D. Calculate and plot the magnitude of the angular momentum as a function of time.

E. Can you figure out if the five bodies resemble some astrophysical system you know?

Suggestion: Remember to set the right units for the gravity constant G .

Please upload the script developed to address points A., B., C. and D. as a unique script named exercise3.py. Reply to point E. with a comment at the beginning of exercise3.py

EXERCISE 4. Please, download the file `exoplanet.eu_catalog.csv`, which contains observational information about the exoplanets we currently know (the file is taken from <http://exoplanet.eu/catalog/>). Column 2 [starting from zero] shows the mass M of the planet in units of Jupiter masses (M_{Jup}) and column 8 shows the radius R of the planet in units of Jupiter radius (R_{Jup}). Note that this is a CSV file: the columns are separated by a comma rather than by a space.

Write a python script that

A. reads columns 2 and 8 of this file.

B. plots R versus M with a scatter plot (please, remember to add labels and units);

C. prints the number of planets in the catalog;

D. prints the number of planets in the catalog that have both a mass and a radius measurement.

Suggestion: with **pandas**, you can read csv files in a very easy way. Reading the file with pandas, the missing masses and radii are marked as Not a Number (NaN).

Alternatively, you can read the files with **numpy.genfromtxt()**. If you prefer this latter option, remember to add the option `delimiter=","`.

The plot for point B. does not need to be saved to a file. Just add the command `plt.show()` inside the script.

Please upload the script developed to address points A., B., C. and D. as a unique script named exercise4.py.