LAW & DATA 2023/2024

University of Padova

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GDPR | DATA PROTECTION OFFICER

Person who advises on compliance with data protection rules in organisations undertaking data processing

Voluntarily appointed by controllers, unless:

- a <u>public authority or body</u> carries out the processing
- the controller's or processor's core activities consist of processing operations requiring the <u>regular and systematic monitoring of data</u> <u>subjects on a large scale</u>
- the core activities consist of <u>large-scale processing of special</u> <u>categories of data</u> or personal data relating to criminal convictions and offences



GDPR | SUPERVISORY AUTHORITIES

Independent public authority which is established by each Member State pursuant to Article 51

- > data subjects' complaints
- be responsible for monitoring the application of the GDPR, in order to protect the fundamental rights and freedoms of natural persons in relation to processing and to facilitate the free flow of personal data within the Union
- Contribute to the consistent application of the GDPR throughout the Union and collaboration with the EU Commission



Fiorella Dal Monte, PhD Law & Data | 2023-2024



MAIN NOTIONS

- PERSONAL DATA
- SENSITIVE DATA
- PURPOSES
- CONSENT
- PROCESSING
- TRANSFER
- CROSS-BORDER PROCESSING
- DATA PROTECTION IMPACT ASSESSMENT



GDPR | PERSONAL DATA

means any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person ('data subject'); an identifiable natural person is one who can be identified, directly or indirectly, in particular by reference to an identifier such as a name, an identification number, location data, an online identifier or to one or more factors specific to the physical, physiological, genetic, mental, economic, cultural or social identity of that natural person



GDPR | SENSITIVE DATA

special categories of personal data

personal data revealing racial or ethnic origin, political opinions, religious or philosophical beliefs, or trade union membership, and the processing of genetic data, biometric data for the purpose of uniquely identifying a natural person, data concerning health or data concerning a natural person's sex life or sexual orientation



SENSITIVE DATA - Processing

In principle: PROHIBITED

Exceptions:

- Explicit consent (specified purposes)
- \checkmark Employment law / social security and social protection law
- \checkmark Protection of vital interests
- Legitimate activities of foundations, associations, non-profit bodies members or former members
- \checkmark Manifestly made public by DS
- \checkmark Legal claims
- \checkmark Substantial public interest
- $\checkmark \quad \text{Preventive / occupational medicine}$
- ✓ Health public interest
 - Scientific and historical research public interest

GDPR | PURPOSES

(not expressly defined by GDPR)

<u>aims</u> for which data are collected and processed



GDPR | CONSENT

(OF THE DATA SUBJECT)

any freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous indication of the data subject's wishes by which he or she, by a statement or by a clear affirmative action, signifies agreement to the processing of personal data relating to him or her



GDPR | PROCESSING

any operation or set of operations which is performed on personal data or on sets of personal data, whether or not by automated means, such as collection, recording, organisation, structuring, storage, adaptation or alteration, retrieval, consultation, use, disclosure by transmission, dissemination or otherwise making available, alignment or combination, restriction, erasure or destruction



GDPR | DPIA DATA PROTECTION IMPACT ASSESSMENT

assessment of the impact of the envisaged processing operations on the protection of personal data

CONTROLLER $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ DPO

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GDPR | DPIA Contents

- systematic description of the envisaged processing operations + purposes + legitimate interest of the Controller (if any)
- assessment of the necessity and proportionality of the processing operations in relation to the purposes
- an assessment of the risks to the rights and freedoms of data subjects
- the measures envisaged to address the risks, including safeguards, security measures and mechanisms to ensure the protection of personal data and to demonstrate compliance



GDPR

MAIN PRINCIPLES FOR PERSONAL DATA PROCESSING

- LAWFULNESS
- FAIRNESS & TRANSPARENCY
- PURPOSE LIMITATION
- DATA MINIMISATION
- ACCURACY
- STORAGE LIMITATION
- INTEGRITY & CONFIDENTIALITY
- ACCOUNTABILITY

