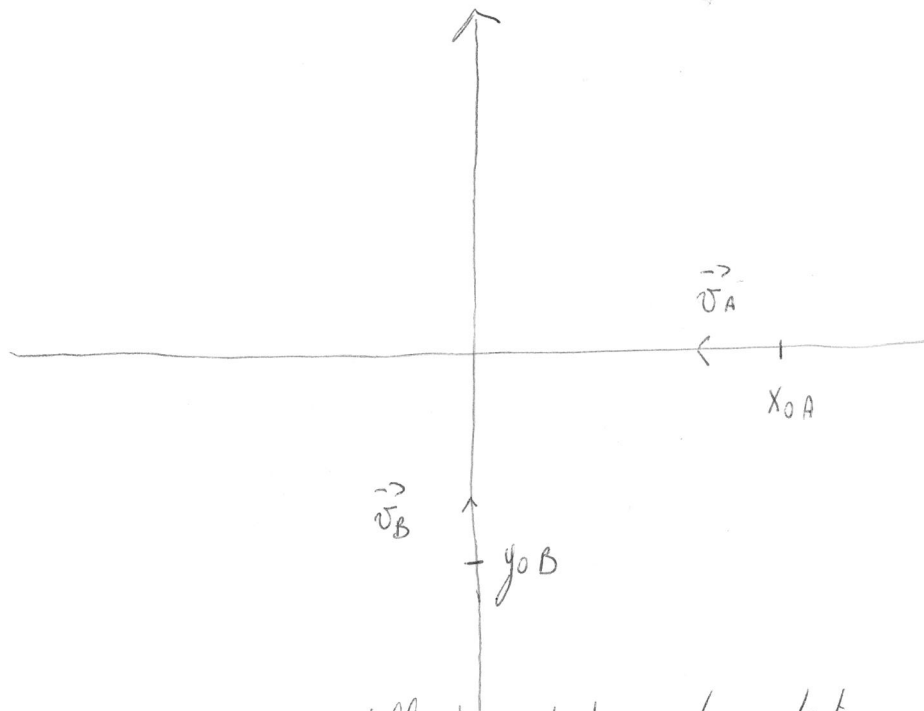


L5 1.58



$$\begin{aligned}x_{0A} &= 20 \text{ m} \\v_A &= -10 \text{ m/s} \\v_B &= 15 \text{ m/s} \\x_{0B} &= -15 \text{ m}\end{aligned}$$

È sufficiente trovare il minimo della loro distanza al quadrato. $x_A^2(t) + y_B^2(t)$

$$\frac{d}{dt} (x_A^2(t) + y_B^2(t)) = \frac{d}{dt} \left[(v_A \cdot t + x_{0A})^2 + (v_B t + y_{0B})^2 \right] =$$

$$= 2 v_A (v_A t + x_{0A}) + 2 v_B (v_B t + y_{0B}) = 0 \quad \hookrightarrow \text{condizione di minimo}$$

$$\Rightarrow v_A (v_A t_m + x_{0A}) + v_B (v_B t_m + y_{0B}) = 0 \Rightarrow (v_A^2 + v_B^2) t_m = -v_A x_{0A} - v_B y_{0B}$$

$$t_m = - \frac{v_A x_{0A} + v_B y_{0B}}{v_A^2 + v_B^2} = 1,31 \text{ s}$$

$$x_A^2(t_m) + y_B^2(t_m) = 69,8 \text{ m}^2$$

$$h_m = \sqrt{x_A^2(t_m) + y_B^2(t_m)} = 8,32 \text{ s}$$