

1) QUESTIONS ABOUT PREVIOUS EXERCISES
 2) LIMITS
 3) REVIEW EXERCISES / CONTINUITY

2) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3x^2 - (e^{x^2} - 1) \sin^2 x}{x^3 + e^{\alpha x}}$ $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$

N: $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 3x^2 - (e^{x^2} - 1) \sin^2 x \approx \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (3x^2) - e^{x^2} \sin^2 x$

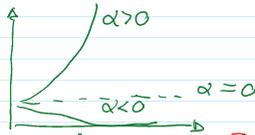
$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{3x^2}{e^{x^2} \sin^2 x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 3x^2 e^{-x^2} \frac{1}{\sin^2 x} = \left[\frac{0}{0} \right]$

$3x^2 = o(e^{x^2} \sin^2 x)$

$\approx \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -e^{x^2} \sin^2 x$ does not exist because $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \sin^2 x$ does not exist



$\frac{N}{D}$: $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-e^{x^2} \sin^2 x}{x^3 + e^{\alpha x}}$



$\alpha = 0$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -\frac{e^{x^2}}{x^3 + 1} \sin^2 x \approx \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -\frac{e^{x^2}}{x^3} \sin^2 x$ \neq

$\alpha < 0$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -\frac{e^{x^2}}{x^3 + o(x^3)} \sin^2 x$ \neq

$\alpha > 0$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -\frac{e^{x^2}}{x^2 + e^{\alpha x}} \sin^2 x = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -e^{x^2 - \alpha x} \sin^2 x \approx \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -e^{x^2} \sin^2 x$ \neq

$\alpha x = o(x^2)$
 $\neq \forall \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$

5) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^3 - (3 + \cos x)^x}{3^{-\alpha x} + 2x^3}$

N: $x^3 - (3 + \cos x)^x = f(x)$ $x^3 - 2^x \leq f(x) \leq x^3 - 4^x$ $x^3 = o(2^x) \gg 1$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^3 - 2^x = -\infty$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow -\infty} x^3 - 4^x = -\infty$
 $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^3 - (3 + \cos x)^x = -\infty$

$\frac{N}{D}$: $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{-(3 + \cos x)^x}{2x^3 + 3^{-\alpha x}}$

$\alpha = 0 \vee \alpha > 0$ $3^{-\alpha x} = o(x^3) \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -\frac{(3 + \cos x)^x}{2x^3} = -\infty$
 $\alpha > 0 \rightarrow [-\infty]$

$\alpha < 0$ $x^3 = o(3^{-\alpha x}) \rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -\frac{(3 + \cos x)^x}{3^{-\alpha x}} = \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -\left(\frac{3 + \cos x}{3^{-\alpha}}\right)^x$

$f(x) = \frac{3 + \cos x}{3^{-\alpha}} \geq 1 + \epsilon, \epsilon > 0, \forall x$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x) \geq \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (1 + \epsilon)^x = +\infty$

$f(x) = \frac{3 + \cos x}{3^{-\alpha}} \leq 1 - \epsilon, \epsilon > 0, \forall x$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (1 - \epsilon)^x = 0 \geq \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$

$$f(x) = \frac{3+\cos x}{3^{-\alpha}} \leq 1-\epsilon, \epsilon > 0, \forall x \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (1-\epsilon)^x = 0 \Rightarrow \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f(x)$$

$$\begin{cases} 3+\cos x \geq (1+\epsilon)3^{-\alpha} > 3^{-\alpha} & 3^{1+\alpha} + \frac{\cos x}{3^{-\alpha}} > 1 \\ \text{[2.4]} \quad \hookrightarrow 3^{-\alpha} < ? & \alpha > -\log_3 ? \quad -\infty \end{cases}$$

because we found another function that constrains the one we are studying to these limits

$$\frac{3+\cos x}{3^{-\alpha}} < (1-\epsilon)3^{-\alpha} < 3^{-\alpha} \Rightarrow 3^{-\alpha} > 4 \quad \alpha < -\log_3 4 \quad 0$$

we can find 2 subsequences of values for x that leads to two different limits
 [e.g. when $\cos x_n = 1$ and $\cos x_n = -1$ $\lim f(x_{n_1}) \neq \lim f(x_{n_2})$]
 \rightarrow the limit of the sequence $\lim_{n \rightarrow +\infty} f(x_n) \nexists$
 thus also the limit of our function \nexists

1) $\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{x}}(2x^2 - x^{1+\alpha}) + 3x^\alpha \cos x}{x^2}$

N: $2x^2 e^{-\frac{1}{x}} - x^{1+\alpha} e^{-\frac{1}{x}} + 3x^\alpha \cos x$

$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{x}}(2 - x^{1+\alpha}) + 3x^{\alpha-2} \cos x$

$\alpha > 2 \quad x^{\alpha-2} \rightarrow +\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 3x^{\alpha-2} \cos x \nexists$
 $x^{-1-\alpha} \rightarrow 0, \quad e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \rightarrow 1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{x}}(2 - x^{1+\alpha}) = 2$
 $x^{-1-\alpha} = o(x^{-3})$

$\alpha > 2 \quad \nexists$

$\alpha = 2 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 3 \cos x \nexists$

$\alpha < 2 \quad x^{\alpha-2} \rightarrow 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} 3x^{\alpha-2} \cos x = 0$
 $-1 < \alpha < 2 \quad x^{-1-\alpha} \rightarrow 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{x}} \cdot 2 = 2$

$-1 < \alpha < 2 \quad \alpha > -1 \quad -1 < \alpha < 2 \quad [2]$

$\alpha = -1 \quad x^{-1-\alpha} = 1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} e^{-\frac{1}{x}}(2-1) = 1 \quad \alpha = -1 \quad [1]$

$\alpha < -1 \quad x^{-1-\alpha} \rightarrow +\infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} -x^{-1-\alpha} = -\infty \quad \alpha < -1 \quad [-\infty]$

11) $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3\alpha \cot x - 3\alpha^2 x - \alpha x^3}{3\sin^3 x - x^4}$

D: $3\sin^3 x - x^4 = 3x^3 + o(x^3) - x^4 = 3x^3 + o(x^3)$

N: $3(x - \frac{x^3}{3} + \frac{x^5}{5} + o(x^5)) - 3\alpha^2 x - \alpha x^3$
 $3(1-\alpha^2)x - (\alpha+1)x^3 + \frac{3}{5}x^5 + o(x^5)$

N: $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3(1-\alpha^2)x - (\alpha+1)x^3 + \frac{3}{5}x^5 + o(x^5)}{3x^3 + o(x^3)}$

$\alpha < -1 \vee \alpha > 1 \quad (1-\alpha^2) < 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3(1-\alpha^2)x + o(x)}{3x^3 + o(x^3)} = -\infty$

$-1 < \alpha < 1 \quad (1-\alpha^2) > 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (1-\alpha^2)x^{-2} = +\infty$

$\alpha = 1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-2x^3 + o(x^3)}{3x^3 + o(x^3)} = -\frac{2}{3}$

$$(-1 < \alpha < 1) \quad (1-\alpha^2) > 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} (1-\alpha^2)x^{-\alpha} = +\infty$$

$$\alpha = 1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{-2x^3 + o(x^3)}{3x^3 + o(x^3)} = \boxed{-\frac{2}{3}}$$

$$\alpha = -1 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3/5 x^5 + o(x^5)}{3x^3 + o(x^3)} = \boxed{0}$$

$$7) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{x^2-x} - 2^x + 2 \log(2)x + x^3 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\sin(\alpha x^2) + (\cos x - 1)^2 + e^{-3/x^2}}$$

$$N: e^{(x^2-x)\log 2} - e^x \log 2 + 2 \log(2)x + x^3 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) \rightarrow o(x^2)$$

$$\cancel{1} + (x^2-x)\log 2 + \frac{(x^2-x)^2 \log^2 2}{2} + o(x^2) - \cancel{1} - x \log 2 - \frac{x^2 \log^2 2}{2} + o(x^2)$$

$$+ 2 \log 2 x$$

$$\cancel{-x \log 2} + x \log 2 + \cancel{\frac{x^2 \log^2 2}{2}} + o(x^2) - \cancel{-x \log 2} - \cancel{\frac{x^2 \log^2 2}{2}} + o(x^2) + \cancel{2 \log 2 x}$$

$$x^2 \log 2 + o(x^2)$$

$$D: \sin(\alpha x^2) + (\cos x - 1)^2 + e^{-3/x^2}$$

$$\alpha x^2 - \frac{(\alpha x^2)^3}{6} + o(\alpha x^6) + \left(1 - \frac{x^2}{2} + o(x^2)\right)^2 + e^{-3/x^2}$$

$$\rightarrow o(x^4)$$

$$\alpha x^2 - \frac{\alpha^3}{6} x^6 + o(\alpha x^6) + \frac{x^4}{4} + o(x^4)$$

$$\frac{N}{D}: \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 \log 2 + o(x^2)}{\alpha x^2 - \frac{\alpha^3}{6} x^6 + o(\alpha x^6) + \frac{x^4}{4} + o(x^4)}$$

$$\alpha \neq 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 \log 2 + o(x^2)}{\alpha x^2 + o(x^2)} = \boxed{\frac{\log 2}{\alpha}}$$

$$\alpha = 0 \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x^2 \log 2 + o(x^2)}{\frac{x^4}{4} + o(x^4)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\log 2}{4} \frac{1}{x^2} = \boxed{+\infty}$$

HINT TO SOLVE A PREVIOUS EXERCISE

$$3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 2^+} (e^x - e^2) \frac{1}{\log(\sin(x-2))} \quad \text{we would like to have } \lim_{y \rightarrow 0^+} \text{ with } y = x-2$$

$$(e^x - e^2) \frac{1}{\log(\sin(x-2))} = e \frac{\log(e^x - e^2)}{\log(\sin(x-2))} = e \frac{\log[(e^{x-2} - 1)e^2]}{\log(\sin(x-2))} = e^2 \frac{\log(e^{x-2} - 1)}{\log(\sin(x-2))}$$

PARAMETRIC LIMITS ($\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$)

$$1) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{x}}(2x^2 - x^{-1+\alpha}) + 3x^\alpha \cos x}{x^2}$$

$$2) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{9x^2 - (e^x - 1)\sin^2 x}{x^3 + e^{\alpha x}}$$

$$3) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\cos x + x(\operatorname{sgn}(\sin x))}{x^\alpha}$$

$$4) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{(x + \cos x)^\alpha}{\sin(1/x)}$$

$$5) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{x^3 - (3 + \cos x)^x}{9^{-\alpha x} + 2x^3}$$

$$6) \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \left(x^{\frac{x+1}{x}} - x - \alpha \log x \right)$$

$$7) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2^{x^2-x} - 2^x + 2 \ln(2)x + x^3 \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\sin(\alpha x^2) + (\cos x - 1)^2 + e^{-3/x^2}}$$

$$8) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{\frac{1}{x}} - 2e^{\frac{1}{x}} + \cos\left(\frac{1}{x}\right) + \frac{\alpha}{x} \log\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}{\left(\sqrt{1 + \sinh\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)} - \sqrt{1 + \sin\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)}\right)^{1/3}}$$

$$9) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sqrt{3}(e^x)^2 - 2\sqrt{3}x + 2x^2 - \sqrt{3}}{3 + \alpha x^2 - 3e^{x^2} + x^4 \cos\left(\frac{6}{x}\right)}$$

$$10) \lim_{x \rightarrow 100} \frac{x^\alpha - \alpha^x + \sin(x^2)}{6e^x + \sqrt{x^3} + 2x + 1}$$

$$11) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3 \operatorname{arctg} x - 3\alpha^2 x - \alpha x^3}{3 \sin^3 x - x^4}$$

$$12) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{3^{x+x^2} - e^x + (1 + \log 3) \sin x + (1 + \log 3) 3^{-\frac{1}{x}}}{(\alpha - 2)x^2 + x^3 \log x}$$

$$13) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{\alpha}{n^{3/2}} - 6\left(\frac{\alpha^2}{\sqrt{n}} - \sin\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n}}\right)\right) - \frac{2}{n^2}}{\left(1 + \frac{1}{n} - \frac{2}{n^3}\right)^{\sqrt{n}} - 1}$$

$$14) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1 + \alpha n^3 - n \sin n + n^4 \sin \frac{1}{n}}{\alpha n^3 + \log^4 n + \sqrt{n^3 + 1}}$$

$$15) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{4^n - \alpha^n}{n^4 2^n + 4^n}$$

$$16) \lim_{h \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - h^2 \log\left(1 + \frac{1}{h}\right) + \frac{\sin h}{h^2}}{n^\alpha \operatorname{arctg} \frac{1}{h}}$$